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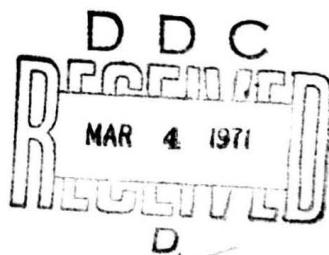
MINISTRY OF TECHNOLOGY

**EXPLOSIVES RESEARCH  
AND DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT**

TECHNICAL REPORT No. 29

**The Effect of Explosives and Propellants on some  
Thermoplastics and Rubbers**  
**Part 3**

**B E Brokenbrow  
D Sims  
A L Stokoe**



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EXPLOSIVES RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ESTABLISHMENT

Technical Report No 29

July 1970

The Effect of Explosives and Propellants on some  
Thermoplastics and Rubbers  
Part 3

by

B E Brokenbrow  
D Sims  
A L Stokoe

SUMMARY

Three rubber vulcanisates, chlorobutyl, natural, and butadiene, two thermoelastomers, plasticised PVC, and six thermoplastics, polystyrene, nylon 6 and 66, high and low density polyethylene, and polymethylmethacrylate have been exposed to the explosive TNT and propellant NQ for intervals of up to twelve months. All the rubbers are affected by both TNT and propellant NQ, whereas of the plastics only polymethylmethacrylate is seriously affected.

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Reference: MAC/207/011

1 INTRODUCTION

A review of previous published work<sup>1</sup> on the effects of TNT and propellant NQ on rubbers and plastics had shown several omissions concerning common polymeric materials. To fill in some of these gaps in knowledge a further range of materials have been exposed to the effects of TNT and propellant NQ.

2 MATERIALS

The composition of the three rubber vulcanisates and the conditions of cure are listed in Appendix A. The two thermoelastomers were both block copolymers of butadiene and styrene which are rubbery at room temperature but are processed as thermoplastics. The thermoplastics used were:

GP polystyrene (Lustrex GP Monsanto Ltd)  
nylon 6 (F194 ICI Ltd)  
nylon 66 (A190 ICI Ltd)  
high density polyethylene (Rigidex R101 BP Chemicals Ltd)  
low density polyethylene (Alkathene LG47 ICI Ltd)  
polymethylmethacrylate (Diakon M0 ICI Ltd)  
thermoelastomer A (Cariflex TR 226 Shell Chemicals UK Ltd)  
" B (Cariflex TR 201 Shell Chemicals UK Ltd)

The composition of plasticised PVC was as given in Appendix A.

The explosives and propellant used were TNT Grade A to Specification CS 5023 and Cordite NQ to Specification P323 containing

nitroglycerine	20.6 per cent
nitrocellulose	20.8 per cent
nitroguanidine	55.0 per cent
carbamite	3.6 per cent
cryolite	0.3 per cent

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3 EXPERIMENTAL

The thermoplastics were injection moulded on a screw injection machine into an eight cavity mould to a small dumb-bell design previously described.<sup>3</sup> The rubbers and plasticised PVC were cut to give E-type dumb-bells. Dumb-bells of each material were conditioned, before exposure and initial testing, by storing in an uncharged desiccator for 48 hours at room temperature.

Testing and exposure were generally as described in previous reports.<sup>1,2</sup>

Withdrawals were made at one, three, six, nine and twelve months and a set of control specimens was also tested at each withdrawal.

4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results for the rubbers are given in Tables 1 and 2 and for thermoplastics in Tables 3 and 4. The visual assessment of the materials is given in Table 5.

4.1 Chlorobutyl Rubber

This material shows some changes in the control specimens stored at 60°C. The changes are mainly a softening and an initial increase in elongation at break. In contact with TNT a slow increase in weight occurred accompanied by a fall in the ultimate tensile strength of the material. After twelve months' exposure to TNT the tensile strength had decreased by about 25 per cent. With propellant NQ however a rapid fall off in properties occurs with the ultimate tensile strength falling by 75 per cent, the elongation at break by 25 per cent and the hardness decreasing considerably.

4.2 Natural Rubber

This material showed marked degradation under control conditions and the tensile strength fell to 27 per cent of its initial value after twelve months. Contact with TNT resulted in no obvious increase in degradation, although there was a 12 per cent increase in weight. Contact with NQ however did markedly increase the rate of deterioration, the rubber also becoming very brittle after only three months.

4.3 Butadiene Rubber

The control specimens aged much better than the natural rubber mix and after an initial fall in properties showed only slow changes. In contrast to natural rubber, contact with TNT resulted in an increase in tensile strength and a fall in elongation at break indicating considerable chemical change. Contact with NQ also produced an increase in tensile strength combined with a very rapid fall in elongation at break leading to brittle behaviour.

#### 4.4 Thermoelastic Rubbers

Both of these materials showed better heat ageing characteristics under control conditions than those materials previously tested.<sup>2</sup> Rubber A retained about 50 per cent ITS and rubber B 60 per cent ITS after twelve months' ageing. On exposure to TNT and NQ rubber A broke down completely after one month. Rubber B was more resistant but became very weak in the presence of TNT and embrittled in contact with NQ.

#### 4.5 Plasticised PVC

On storage the material showed little change. A small weight loss occurred, almost certainly due to loss of plasticiser. On contact with NQ little change in physical properties occurred although a weight gain of 4 per cent was recorded. In contact with TNT the material changed colour significantly becoming dark brown and a gain in weight of 16 per cent occurred. However little change in mechanical properties was observed.

#### 4.6 Polystyrene

Polystyrene samples were unaffected both as controls and as exposed specimens.

#### 4.7 Nylon 6

This material again showed loss of elongation, increased tensile strength and slight weight loss under control conditions similar to nylon 66. Contact with TNT and NQ resulted in little additional change.

#### 4.8 Nylon 66

Nylon 66 showed some changes when stored under control conditions. The tensile strength increased and the elongation at break decreased. This was accompanied by a slight loss in weight, therefore the effects observed could to some extent be caused by the samples drying out.

Exposure to TNT caused little additional change in properties but contact with NQ resulted in the yield disappearing and the material becoming rather brittle.

#### 4.9 Polyethylene High and Low Density

These materials showed little change either as control specimens or in contact with TNT and NQ. The increases in weight were also small (< 1 per cent).

#### 4.10 Polymethylmethacrylate

This material was unaffected by the control conditions but after exposure to TNT and NQ for one month became too encrusted to test.

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5 CONCLUSIONS

All the rubbers were affected to some degree by contact with TNT and propellant NQ. None of them could therefore be recommended for contact with these types of explosives or propellants. Of the plastics only polymethylmethacrylate was badly affected, the remaining materials being either slightly affected or resistant to deterioration under these conditions.

6 BIBLIOGRAPHY

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|---|--|--|
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| 2 | Brokenbrow B E, Ledbury K J,<br>Sims D, Stokoe A L | The effect of explosives and<br>propellants on thermoplastics<br>and rubbers Part 2.<br>ERDE Technical Report No 5 |
| 3 | Golden J H, Hazell E                               | J Polymer Sci., 1963, <u>A1</u> , 1671   |

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## APPENDIX A

Chlorobutyl Rubber (Enjay HT-10-66)	100	-	-
Natural Rubber (S.R 5)	-	100	-
Polybutadiene (Intene 35 S)	-	-	100
Zinc Oxide	5	5	3
Stearic Acid	1	3	1.5
Carbon Black FEF	35	50	35
Process Oil (OIL 13)	10	-	-
Phenyl $\beta$ -Naphthylamine (BPNA)	-	1	1
Kaolina	1	-	-
Diphenylguanidine (DFG)	-	-	0.5
N-cyclohexylbenzthiazole 2-Sulphenamide (CBS)	-	-	1.0
Mercaptobenzthiazole Disulphide (MBTS)	2	1	-
Tetramethylthiuram Disulphide (TMT)	1	-	-
2,2-methylene bis-(4-methyl-6-tertiary-butylphenyl)	1	-	-
Sulphur	-	3	2
 Cure time, minutes	40	40	35
Cure temperature, °C	150	144	144

## Polyvinyl chloride

Polyvinyl chloride	100
Diethyl phthalate	40
Dibutyl tin laurate	2

Mixed on a hot mill and pressed in a mould into test sheets.

## Explosives and Propellants

TNT	Trinitrotoluene to Specification CS 5023
Cordite NQ	A propellant containing about 20 per cent nitroglycerine and 55 per cent nitroguanidine to Specification P 323

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## KEY TO TABLES 1 - 4

BS°	-	British Standard degrees
H	-	Hardness
IEB	-	Initial elongation at break (expressed as percentage, Tables 1 - 2)
IEB	-	Initial elongation at break (expressed as mm crosshead separation, Tables 3 - 4)
IEY	-	Initial elongation at yield (expressed as mm crosshead separation)
IM <sub>100</sub>	-	Initial modulus at 100% elongation
IM <sub>300</sub>	-	Initial modulus at 300% elongation
ITS	-	Initial tensile strength
IYS	-	Initial tensile strength at yield
% IEB	-	Percentage of initial elongation at break
% IEY	-	Percentage of initial elongation at yield
% ITS	-	Percentage of initial tensile strength
% IYS	-	Percentage of initial tensile strength at yield

TABLE 1

EFFECT OF EXPLOSIVE TNT AND PROPELLANT 1

Temperature of Test  $60^{\circ} \pm 0.5^{\circ}$ 

Material	Exposure, months	Control						T			
		ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 10.2	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup> 1.48	IM <sub>300</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup> 6.44	H BS <sup>0</sup> 61	Weight Change %	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 10.2	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup> 1.48	
		% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	
Chlorobutyl	1	116	148	44	45	57	- 1.7	98	88	105	
	3	102	137	36	46	56	- 0.3	90	75	144	
	6	121	142	55	60	58	- 0.3	96	106	122	
	9	111	135	37	51	42	- 0.2	78	111	40	
	12	109	135	34	54	41	- 0.5	75	111	40	
		ITS 25.2	IEB 452	IM <sub>100</sub> 3.52	IM <sub>300</sub> 15.4	H 68	Weight Change %	ITS 25.2	IEB 452	IM <sub>100</sub> 3.52	
		% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	
	Natural Rubber	1	91	87	116	110	73	+ 0.1	83	85	120
		3	82	78	135	117	77	+ 1.1	63	68	109
		6	63	60	146	-	77	+ 0.6	43	48	122
		9	42	41	134	-	73	+ 1.2	30	30	147
		12	27	26	170	-	71	+ 2.6	27	26	174
Polybutadiene		ITS 8.9	IEB 180	IM <sub>100</sub> 5.13	IM <sub>300</sub> -	H 81	Weight Change %	ITS 9.9	IEB 180	IM <sub>100</sub> 5.13	
		% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	
	1	79	82	103	-	80	- 0.03	77	75	116	
		3	80	70	116	-	84	- 0.03	79	43	-
		6	79	62	136	-	83	+ 0.2	75	43	-
		9	79	61	143	-	82	+ 0.4	85	31	-
		12	79	58	156	-	85	+ 0.4	101	25	-



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TABLE 1

GIVE TNT AND PROPELLANT NQ ON RUBBERS

Temperature of Test  $60^{\circ}\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

it se	TNT						NQ					
	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub>	IM <sub>300</sub>	H BS <sup>O</sup>	Weight Change	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub>	IM <sub>300</sub>	H BS <sup>O</sup>	Weight Change
	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	%	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	MN/m <sup>2</sup>		%	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	%	MN/m <sup>2</sup>	MN/m <sup>2</sup>		%
	% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>		
	98	88	105	110	60	+ 3.0	85	81	106	102	59	+ 1.7
	90	75	144	114	65	+ 4.5	66	75	99	83	52	+ 2.8
	96	106	122	93	61	+ 4.7	37	61	81	55	44	+ 3.9
	78	111	40	56	39	+ 8.1	28	65	59	41	41	+ 5.1
	75	111	40	54	41	+ 4.4	25	75	40	33	38	+ 4.5
t e	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub>	IM <sub>300</sub>	H	Weight Change	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub>	IM <sub>300</sub>	H	Weight Change
	25.2	452	3.52	15.4	68	%	25.2	452	3.52	15.4	68	%
	% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>		
	83	85	120	107	73	+ 4.8	16	34	69	-	62	+ 6.5
	63	68	109	101	74	+ 5.1	14	9	-	-	80	+ 23.7
	43	48	122	-	70	+ 7.0	2	8	-	-	96	+ 30.6
	30	30	147	-	71	+ 11.2	3	2	-	-	100	+ 29.8
	27	26	174	-	72	+ 12.0	2	2	-	-	100	+ 28.0
t e	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub>	IM <sub>300</sub>	H	Weight Change	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub>	IM <sub>300</sub>	H	Weight Change
	9.9	180	5.13	-	81	%	9.9	180	5.13	-	81	%
	% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>		
5	77	75	116	-	79	+ 4.9	78	68	122	-	82	+ 4.6
5	79	43	-	-	84	+ 6.9	54	29	-	-	88	+ 9.7
	75	43	-	-	88	+ 10.4	103	6	-	-	99	+ 24.6
	85	31	-	-	88	+ 14.1	92	7	-	-	99	+ 26.4
	101	25	-	-	93	+ 17.7	122	6	-	-	99	+ 22.3

TABLE 2

EFFECT OF EXPLOSIVE TNT AND PROPELLANT NO. 9 ON THERMOELASTIC RUBBERS

Temperature of Test  $60^{\circ}\pm 0.5$ 

Material	Exposure, months	Control									
		ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 4.38	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup> 0.39	IM <sub>300</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup> 1.08	H BS <sup>O</sup>	Weight Change %	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 4.38	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup> 0.39	
		% IBS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	
Thermoelastic Rubber A	1	100	100	153	123	39	+ 0.5	29	74	42	
	3	59	91	39	71	< 30	< 0.01				
	6	57	87	118	74	< 30	< 0.01				
	9	45	80	18	83	< 30	< 0.01				Too weak
	12	46	84	20	71	< 30	< 0.01				
Thermoelastic Rubber B		ITS 7.5	IEB 277	IM <sub>100</sub> 5.27	IM <sub>300</sub> -	H 86	Weight Change %	ITS 7.5	IEB 277	IM <sub>100</sub> 5.27	
		% IBS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	
	1	84	66	99	-	84	0.05	58	44	80	
	3	79	45	102	-	86	0.07	53	27	-	
	6	76	40	101	-	86	0.04	39	19	-	
Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) plasticised	9	68	32	-	-	84	0.02	38	20	-	
	12	60	23	-	-	87	0.02	38	18	-	
		ITS 17.6	IEB 250	IM <sub>100</sub> 12.1		H 87	Weight Change %	ITS 17.6	IEB 250	IM <sub>100</sub> 12.1	
		% IBS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>				% IBS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	
	1	118	106	141		95	- 0.06	122	116	130	
	3	123	116	142		93	- 0.16	110	108	113	
	6	124	108	152		97	- 0.70	108	93	119	
	9	124	114	152		92	- 0.70	107	88	120	
	12	118	89	151		95	- 0.90	119	109	130	



TABLE 2

ANT NO. ON THERMOELASTOMERS AND PLASTICIZED PVC

Temp of Test  $60^{\circ} \pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

TNO						NQ					
TS N/m <sup>2</sup>	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IM <sub>300</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	H BS <sup>O</sup>	Weight Change %	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IM <sub>300</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	H BS <sup>O</sup>	Weight Change %
ITS %	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> %	IM <sub>300</sub> %			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>		
29	74	42	61	40	+ 8.9	25	19	204	-	33	+ 7.6
Too weak to test						Very soft; too weak to test					
TS N/m <sup>2</sup>	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IM <sub>300</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	H	Weight Change %	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IM <sub>300</sub> MN/m <sup>2</sup>	H	Weight Change %
ITS %	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> %	IM <sub>300</sub> %			% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>	% IM <sub>300</sub>		
58	44	80	-	83	+ 8.9	78	54	106	-	77	+ 5.1
53	27	-	-	83	+ 9.7	72	30	-	-	79	+ 8.4
39	19	-	-	85	+ 11.9	83	26	-	-	76	+ 7.3
38	20	-	-	73	+ 24.4	90	14	-	-	76	+ 8.8
38	18	-	-	76	+ 12.9	86	4	-	-	74	+ 14.4
ITS %	IEB %	IM <sub>100</sub> %		H	Weight Change %	ITS	IEB	IM <sub>100</sub> %		H	Weight Change %
7.6	250	12.1		87		17.6	150	12.1		87	
IBS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>				% ITS	% IEB	% IM <sub>100</sub>			
122	116	130		87	+ 14.5	109	120	212		86	+ 8.2
110	108	113		78	+ 15.2	114	118	120		92	+ 5.3
108	93	119		84	+ 15.6	124	123	144		88	+ 6.7
107	88	120		82	+ 17.3	125	117	136		90	+ 4.5
119	109	130		83	+ 15.9	111	103	134		90	+ 4.1



TABLE 3

EFFECT OF EXPLOSIVE TNT AND PROPELLANT NQ (

Temperature of Test  $60^{\circ}\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Material	Exposure, months	Control					TNT		
		IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup> No yield	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 40.3	IEY mm No yield	IEB mm 4	Weight Change %	IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup> No yield	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 40.3	IEY mm No yield
		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY
GP Polystyrene	1	-	114	-	100	< 0.01	-	116	-
	3	-	1	-	-	- 0.02	-	120	-
	6	-	104	-	106	< 0.01	-	121	-
	9	-	113	-	112	< 0.01	-	116	-
	12	-	108	-	126	< 0.01	-	118	-
Nylon 6		IYS 55.2	ITS 69.6	IEY 12	IEB 122	Weight Change %	IYS 55.2	ITS 69.6	IEY 12
		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY
		119	59	69	28	- 0.7	89	110	126
		136	62	87	15	- 1.1	128	58	83
		135	70	61	15	- 0.9	151	66	50
Nylon 66	9	135	72	60	15	- 1.2	146	67	67
	12	151	68	82	15	- 0.5	139	65	89
		IYS 60.6	ITS 64.0	IEY 13	IEB 100	Weight Change %	IYS 60.6	ITS 64.0	IEY 13
		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY
		112	80	90	56	- 0.7	92	104	136
		3	Not measured			+ 1.3	118	85	110
		6	117	94	80	- 0.5	132	93	42
	9	121	96	90	28	- 0.8	128	88	86
	12	132	98	81	21	- 1.2	124	91	101



TABLE 3

SIVE TNT AND PROPELLANT NQ ON PLASTICS

perature of Test  $60^{\circ}\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

ht ge	TNT					NQ				
	IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup>	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IEY mm	IEB mm 4	Weight Change %	IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup>	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup>	IEY mm	IEB mm 4	Weight Change %
	No yield	40.3	No yield			No yield	40.3	No yield		
	% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYB	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB	
01	-	116	-	144		-	70	-	138	+ 0.05
02	-	120	-	156		-	121	-	10	+ 0.06
01	-	121	-	100		-	110	-	112	+ 0.10
01	-	116	-	106		-	118	-	194	+ 0.16
1	-	118	-	132		-	114	-	157	+ 0.13
nt ge	IYS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %	IYS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %
	55.2	69.6	12	122		55.2	69.6	12	122	
	% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYB	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB	
'	89	110	126	216	+ 1.6	-	72	-	66	+ 0.2
'	128	58	83	24	- 0.2	116	57	67	29	+ 0.6
'	151	66	50	12	- 0.4	132	62	82	11	+ 0.5
'	146	67	67	15	+ 0.1	83	32	144	20	+ 0.9
'	139	65	89	30	+ 0.1	118	43	105	16	+ 0.3
nt ge	IYS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %	IYS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %
	60.6	64.0	13	100		60.6	64.0	13	100	
	% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYB	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB	
	92	104	136	166	+ 1.1	-	92	-	15	+ 0.3
	118	85	110	34	- 0.6	-	92	-	31	+ 0.2
	132	93	42	18	- 0.4	-	91	66	16	- 2.8
	128	88	86	18	- 0.4	-	82	-	37	- 1.4
	124	91	101	29	- 0.5	-	100	-	23	- 0.02

TABLE 4

## EFFECT OF EXPLOSIVE TNT AND PROPELLANT I

Temperature of Test  $60^{\circ} \pm 0.5^{\circ}$ 

Material	Exposure, months	Control							
		IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 25.5	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 20.0	IEY mm 9	IEB mm 260	Weight Change %	IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 25.5	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 20.0	%
		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	%
High Density Polyethylene PEHD	1	101	106	153	130	+ 0.01	103	104	1
	3	102	92	139	63	+ 0.03	99	95	4
	6	114	101	92	67	+ 0.03	105	101	1
	9	102	98	101	69	+ 0.03	104	102	1
	12	102	101	102	75	+ 0.04	103	119	1
Low Density Polyethylene PELD		IYS 11.3	ITS 11.9	IEY 36	IEB 47	Weight Change %	IYS 11.3	ITS 11.9	:
		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	%
	1	-	104	-	106	< 0.01	-	106	
	3	-	92	-	106	- 0.02	-	98	
	6	-	120	-	116	- 0.02	-	104	
Polymethyl- methacrylate	9	-	105	-	128	- 0.02	-	113	
	12	-	106	-	147	- 0.05	-	116	
		IYS -	ITS 76.5	IEY -	IEB 7	Weight Change %	IYS -	ITS 76.5	:
		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	%
	1	-	91	-	79	- 0.16	-	71	
	3	-	92	-	118	- 0.33			
	6	-	107	-	82	- 0.01			
	9	-	101	-	111	- 0.03			
	12	-	94	-	107	- 0.30			
									Too encrust

TABLE 4

T AND PROPELLANT NQ ON PLASTICS

at Test  $60^{\circ} \pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

TNT					NQ				
YS /m <sup>2</sup> .5	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 20.0	IEY mm 9	IEB mm 260	Weight Change %	IYS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 25.5	ITS MN/m <sup>2</sup> 20.0	IEY mm 9	IEB mm 260	Weight Change %
IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB	
13	104	147	147	+ 0.8	101	104	139	74	+ 0.1
99	95	142	79	+ 0.7	104	95	97	62	+ 0.2
05	101	92	32	+ 0.9	105	101	114	100	+ 0.2
04	102	97	81	+ 0.7	102	97	128	114	+ 0.1
03	119	114	119	+ 0.5	101	102	175	171	+ 0.1
YS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %	IYS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %
.3	11.9	36	47	%	11.3	11.9	36	47	%
IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB	
-	106	-	147	+ 0.5	-	99	-	107	+ 2.3
-	98	-	106	+ 0.8	-	104	-	91	+ 3.0
-	104	-	93	+ 0.9	-	106	-	131	+ 3.5
-	113	-	183	+ 0.6	-	111	-	146	+ 2.4
-	116	-	150	+ 0.8	-	101	-	176	+ 0.8
YS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %	IYS	ITS	IEY	IEB	Weight Change %
.	76.5	-	7	%	-	76.5	-	7	%
IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB		% IYS	% ITS	% IEY	% IEB	
-	71	-	118	+ 12.8	Too encrusted to test				
Too encrusted to test					Too encrusted to test				



TABLE 5

## VISUAL EXAMINATION OF PLASTICS

Exposure time 12 months  
Test temperature 60°C

Material	Control	TNT
PLASTICS		
High density polyethylene	No change	Very slight yellowing
Low density polyethylene	Slight yellowing	Very slight yellowing
Nylon 6	Dark brown colouration	Dark brown colouration
Nylon 66	Tinge of brown	Dark brown colouration
Polystyrene	No change	No change - still
Polymethylmethacrylate	No change	Dark brown - encrusted
RUBBERS		
Chlorobutyl rubber	Black - no change	Light brown dust a surface - no other
Natural rubber	Black - no change	Light brown dust a surface - still flexible
Polybutadiene rubber	Black - no change	Still fairly flexible colouration on flexible
Thermoelastic rubber A	White changing to yellow	Test discontinued
Thermoelastic rubber B	Black - no change	Light to dark brown still flexible
Plasticised PVC	Decrease in transparency - almost translucent	Dark brown covered brown powder - no



TABLE 5

## MINATION OF PLASTICS

re time 12 months

temperature 60°C

TNT	NQ
Very slight yellowing	No apparent change
Very slight yellowing	No apparent change
Dark brown colouration	Orange colouration
Dark brown colouration	Orange tinge
No change - still transparent	No change - still transparent
Dark brown - encrusted with TNT	Light brown - encrusted with propellant
Light brown dust adhering to surface - no other visible change	No visible change
Light brown dust adhering to surface - still flexible	Very hard and brittle
Still fairly flexible - brown colouration on flexing	Very hard and brittle
Test discontinued after 1 month's exposure as material was too weak to test	
Light to dark brown in colour - still flexible	Light to dark brown in colour - breaks on bending - fairly soft
Dark brown covered with light brown powder - not transparent	Light brown colouration - still fairly transparent

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